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BlackRock Energy and Resources **Income Trust plc**

January 2022

Key risk factors

Capital at risk. The value of investments and the income from them can fall as well as rise and are not guaranteed. Investors may not get back the amount originally invested.

Overseas investments will be affected by currency exchange rate fluctuations.

The Company invests in economies and markets which may be less developed. Compared to more established economies, the value of investments may be subject to greater volatility due to increased uncertainty as to how these markets operate.

BlackRock Energy and Resources Income Trust plc invests in mining shares which typically experience above average volatility when compared to other investments. Trends which occur within the general equity market may not be mirrored by mining securities.

The Company may from time to time utilise gearing. A fuller definition of gearing is given in the glossary.

Options

The Company may write options for income generation and efficient portfolio management. Any use of derivatives for efficient portfolio management and options for investment purposes will be made on the basis of the same principles of risk spreading and diversification that apply to the Company's direct investments. A fuller definition of the options strategy is given in the glossary.

The latest performance data can be found on the BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited website at:

The information contained in this release was correct as at 31 January 2022 Information on the Company's up to date net asset values can be found on the London Stock Exchange Website at:

https://www.londonstockexchange.com/exchange/news/marketnews/market-news-home.html

Company objective

To achieve an annual dividend target and, over the long term, capital growth by investing primarily in securities of companies operating in the mining and energy sectors.

Fund information (as at 31/01/22)	
Net asset value – capital only:	108.41p
Net asset value cum income¹:	109.71p
Share price:	110.00p
Discount to NAV (cum income):	0.3%
Net yield:	3.7%
Gearing - cum income:	4.7%
Total assets:	£129.9m
Ordinary shares in issue ² :	118,393,357
Gearing range (as a % of net assets):	0-20%
Ongoing charges ³ :	1.21%

The figures shown relate to past performance. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current or future results and should not be the sole factor of consideration when selecting a product or strategy.

The Manager has also undertaken to cap the Company's ongoing charges by way of a management fee rebate to ensure that these do not exceed 1.25% of net asset value per annum. A full disclosure of portfolio investments for the Company as at 30 June 2021 has been made available on the Company's website at the link given below:

https://www.blackrock.com/uk/individual/literature/policies/beri-portfolio-disclosure.pdf

blackrock.com/uk/beri

¹ Includes net revenue of 1.30p.

² Excluding 572,643 ordinary shares held in treasury.

³ Calculated as a percentage of average net assets and using expenses, excluding any interest costs and excluding taxation for the year ended 30 November 2021.

Annual performance to the last quarter end (as at 31 December 2021)

	31/12/20 31/12/21 %	31/12/19 31/12/20 %	31/12/18 31/12/19 %	31/12/17 31/12/18 %	31/12/16 31/12/17 %
Net asset value	28.1	16.9	12.4	-7.2	1.8
Share price	34.2	18.9	5.3	-2.2	-8.2

Cumulative performance (as at 31/001/22)

Sterling	1M%	3М%	6M%	1Y%	3Y%	5Y%
Net asset value	4.3	5.7	12.9	33.4	64.4	62.1
Share price	9.2	11.7	25.0	48.7	80.5	62.2

The figures shown relate to past performance. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current or future results and should not be the sole factor of consideration when selecting a product or strategy.

The above Net Asset Value (NAV) performance statistics are based on a NAV including income with any dividends reinvested on the ex-dividend date, net of ongoing charges. The Company does not have in place any performance fee arrangements. A fuller definition of ongoing charges, which include the annual management fee, is given in the glossary.

Share price performance figures are calculated on a mid market basis in sterling terms with income reinvested on the ex-dividend date.

The performance of the Company's portfolio, or Net Asset Value ("NAV") performance, is not the same as share price performance and shareholders may not realise returns which are the same as NAV performance.

Sources: BlackRock, Datastream.

The latest performance data can be found on the BlackRock website at blackrock.com/uk/beri

Ten largest investments (in % total assets order as at 31/01/22)

Company	Region of Risk	% of Total Assets
Vale	Latin America	
Equity		5.3
Bond		2.2
Glencore	Global	6.9
Chevron	Global	5.1
ВНР	Global	4.0
First Quantum Minerals	Global	
Equity		2.4
Bond		1.2
Anglo American	Global	3.4
ConocoPhillips	Global	3.2
Canadian Natural Resources	Canada	2.7
TotalEnergies	Global	2.6
EOG Resources	USA	2.4

Risk: The specific companies identified and described above do not represent all of the companies purchased or sold, and no assumptions should be made that the companies identified and discussed were or will be profitable.

Sector allocations (as at	% of Total
31/01/22)	Assets
Mining:	
Diversified	25.0
Copper	4.3
Industrial Minerals	3.3
Steel	3.2
Gold	2.4
Diamonds	1.1
Iron	1.0
Nickel	0.8
Platinum	0.7
Subtotal Mining:	41.8
Traditional Energy:	
E&P	17.5
Integrated	14.2
Refining & Marketing	3.2
Distribution	2.4
Oil Services	0.4
Subtotal Traditional Energy:	37.7
Energy Transition:	
Energy Efficiency	9.3
Electrification	6.5
Renewables	3.7
Transport	2.2
Subtotal Energy Transition:	21.7
Net Current Liabilities	-1.2
Total	100.0

^ Total Assets for the purposes of these calculations exclude bank overdrafts, and the net current liabilities figure shown in the tables above therefore exclude bank overdrafts equivalent to 3.4% of the Company's net asset value.

Allocations are as of the date shown and do not necessarily represent current or future portfolio holdings.

Comments from the Portfolio Managers

Please note that the commentary below includes historic information on sector performance, commodity price performance and the Company's NAV performance.

The figures shown relate to past performance. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current or future results.

Commenting on the markets, Mark Hume and Tom Holl, representing the Investment Manager noted:

The Company's Net Asset Value (NAV) per share increased by 4.3% during the month of January (in Sterling terms with dividends reinvested).

Global stock markets fell in January as investors reacted to the potential for US interest rates to rise through 2022 following stronger inflation data and hawkish commentary by the US Federal Reserve. Additionally, geopolitical tensions added to uncertainty given a build-up of Russian troops on the border with Ukraine. Western powers sought to deter Russia from an invasion through heavy retaliatory sanctions. These factors contributed to a market rotation away from higher valued 'growth' stocks in favour of 'value' stocks. US President Biden's Build Back Better Bill continued to stall in the senate but there was increased optimism that key parts of it would eventually pass separately. For reference, the MSCI AC World Index fell by 5.0%.

The mining sector held up better than broader equity markets in January. Encouragingly, economic activity in China showed continued signs of improvement, with December steel production data (released in January) up by 24.4% month-on-month. This contributed to the iron ore (62% fe.) price rising by 20.8% despite the physical market remaining relatively weak. Performance across the other mined commodities was mixed with aluminium, nickel and palladium prices rising by 8.7%, 9.4% and 23.9% respectively but copper and gold prices down by 1.7% and 1.4% respectively.

Traditional energy equities recorded a positive start to the year, driven by a tightness in supply in the physical market, increased inflation expectations and with rising tensions in Europe between Russia and Ukraine. Western powers sought to deter Russia from an invasion through heavy retaliatory sanctions. Natural gas prices remained volatile again with prices in the US increasing to \$4.87mmbtu. The Brent and WTI (West Texas Intermediate) rose by 19.6% and 17.2%, on the tighter market, ending the month at \$92/bbl and \$88/bbl respectively.

Within the energy transition theme, in a revision to the EU Taxonomy, the European Commission added nuclear and natural gas to be counted as green energy if they met certain criteria. In California, a change to terms for rooftop solar was proposed as part of Net Energy Metering (NEM) 3.0. This would reduce payments by utility companies to rooftop solar owners and included a monthly grid access charge. However, following month end it was announced that the proposal would be delayed. 2021 saw record global renewable power installations, with forecasts for installations in 2022 to accelerate further. Within clean transportation, global Electric Vehicle (EV) sales exceeded 6.5million vehicles, up from 3.2million in 2020, as EV adoption accelerates.

Commodity price moves sourced from Thomson Reuters Datastream as of 31 January 2022.

Unless otherwise stated all data is sourced from BlackRock as at 31 January 2022. All data points in US Dollar terms unless otherwise specified.

Risk: Reference to the names of each company mentioned in this communication is merely for explaining the investment strategy, and should not be construed as investment advice or investment recommendation of those companies.

Any opinions or forecasts represent an assessment of the market environment at a specific time and are not intended to be a forecast of future events or a guarantee of future results. This information should not be relied upon by the reader as research, investment advice or a recommendation.

% of Total Assets^
41.8
37.7
21.7
-1.2
100.0

^ Total Assets for the purposes of these calculations exclude bank
overdrafts, and the net current liabilities figure shown in the tables above
therefore exclude bank overdrafts equivalent to 3.4% of the Company's
net asset value.

Allocations are as of the date shown and do not necessarily represent current or future portfolio holdings.

Country allocations (as at 31/01/2022)	% of Total Assets
Global	52.5
USA	18.3
Canada	13.0
Latin America	8.2
Australia	3.2
Germany	2.0
Russia	1.4
South Africa	0.7
India	0.7
Ireland	0.6
France	0.6
Net Current Liabilities^	-1.2
Total	100.0

Key company details

Fund characteristics:	
Launch date	13 December 2005
Dealing currency	Sterling
Association of Investment Companies sector (AIC)	Commodities and natural resources
Benchmark	n/a
Traded	London Stock Exchange
Management	
Alternative Investment Fund Manager (with effect from 2 July 2014)	BlackRock Fund Managers Limited
Portfolio managers	Mark Hume & Tom Holl
	0.8% of gross assets per annum. The Company is also

Annual management fee

0.8% of gross assets per annum. The Company is also entitled to a rebate of the management fee in the event that the Company's Ongoing Charges exceed 1.25% of net assets per annum.

Financial calendar:	
Year end	30 November
Results announced	July (half yearly) January/February (final)
Annual General Meeting	March
Dividends paid	April/July/October and January (quarterly)

Fund codes:	
ISIN	GB00B0N8MF98
Sedol	BON8MF9
Bloomberg	BERI:LN
Reuters	BERI.L
Ticker	BERI/LON

Non-Mainstream Pooled Investments status

The Company currently conducts its affairs so that its securities can be recommended by Independent Financial Advisers to ordinary retail investors in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's (FCA) rules in relation to Non-Mainstream Pooled Investments (NMPI) and intends to continue to do so for the foreseeable future. The securities are excluded from the FCA's restrictions which apply to non-mainstream pooled investments because they are shares in an investment trust.

Want to know more?

blackrock.com/uk/beri | General Enquiries: 0207 743 3000 | cosec@blackrock.com

Glossary of Terms

Discount/premium

Investment trust shares frequently trade at a discount or premium to NAV. This occurs when the share price is less than (a discount) or more than (a premium) to the NAV. The discount or premium is the difference between the share price (based on mid-market share prices) and the NAV, expressed as a percentage of the NAV.

Discounts and premiums are mainly the consequence of supply and demand for the shares on the stock market.

Gearing

Investment companies can borrow to purchase additional investments. This is called 'gearing'. It allows investment companies to take advantage of a long-term view on a sector or to take advantage of a favourable situation or a particularly attractive stock without having to sell existing investments.

Gearing works by magnifying the company's performance. If a company 'gears up' and then markets rise and the returns on the investments outstrip the costs of borrowing, the overall returns to investors will be even greater. But if markets fall and the performance of the assets in the portfolio is poor, then losses suffered by the investor will also be magnified.

Net yield

The net yield is calculated using total dividends declared in the last 12 months (as at date of this factsheet) as a percentage of month end share price.

NAV (Net Asset Value)

A company's undiluted NAV is its available shareholders' funds divided by the number of shares in issue (excluding treasury shares), before making any adjustment for any potentially dilutive securities which the Company may have in issue, such as subscription shares, convertible bonds or treasury shares. A diluted NAV is calculated on the assumption that holders of any convertibles have converted, subscription shares have been exercised and treasury shares are re-issued at the mid-market price, to the extent that the NAV per share is higher than the price of each of these shares or securities and that they are 'in the money'.

The aim is to ensure that shareholders have a full understanding of the potential impact on the Company's NAV if these instruments had been exercised on a particular date.

Ongoing charges ratio

Ongoing charges (%) =

Annualised ongoing charges
Average undiluted net asset value in the period

Ongoing charges are those expenses of a type which are likely to recur in the foreseeable future, whether charged to capital or revenue, and which relate to the operation of the investment company as a collective fund, excluding the costs of acquisition/disposal of investments, financing charges and gains/losses arising on investments. Ongoing charges are based on costs incurred in the year as being the best estimate of future costs and include the annual management fee.

Options

An option is a contract that offers the buyer the right, but not the obligation, to buy (call) or sell (put) a security or other financial asset at an agreed-upon price (the strike price) during a certain period of time or on a specific date (exercise date) for a fee (the premium). The sale of call or put options on stocks that are believed to be overpriced or underpriced, based on the assumption that the options will not be exercised, is referred to as an 'options overwriting' strategy. The seller of the option collects a premium but if the option subsequently expires without being exercised, there will be no down side for the seller. However, if the stock rises above the exercise price the holder of the option is likely to exercise the option and this strategy can reduce returns in a rising market.

The Company writes options to generate income and for efficient portfolio management. Risk is mitigated by ensuring that any call options are covered (meaning that call options are only written in respect of stocks already owned within the Company's portfolio such that, if the options are exercised, the Company does not need to purchase stock externally at fluctuating market prices to meet its obligations under the options contract). Any use of derivatives for efficient portfolio management and options for investment purposes will be made on the basis of the same principles of risk spreading and diversification that apply to the Company's direct investments.

Share buyback

Share buyback is when a company buys back its own shares from investors. Once shares are repurchased they may either be cancelled or held in treasury for redistribution at a future point in time. A company will typically use share buyback powers to increase demand for its shares when its stock is undervalued in the market. Share buybacks reduce the number of shares in circulation, which can increase the share value and the earnings per share (EPS).



Risk Warnings

Capital at risk. The value of investments and the income from them can fall as well as rise and are not guaranteed. Investors may not get back the amount originally invested.

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current or future results and should not be the sole factor of consideration when selecting a product or strategy.

Changes in the rates of exchange between currencies may cause the value of investments to diminish or increase. Fluctuation may be particularly marked in the case of a higher volatility fund and the value of an investment may fall suddenly and substantially. Levels and basis of taxation may change from time to time.

Trust specific risks:

Gearing risk. Investment strategies, such as borrowing, used by the Trust can result in even larger losses suffered when the value of the underlying investments fall.

Emerging markets. Emerging market investments are usually associated with higher investment risk than developed market investments. Therefore, the value of these investments may be unpredictable and subject to greater variation.

Mining investments. Mining shares typically experience above average volatility when compared to other investments. Trends which occur within the general equity market may not be mirrored within mining securities.

Exchange rate risk. The return of your investment may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations.

Important Information

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Net Asset Value (NAV) performance is not the same as share price performance, and shareholders may realise returns that are lower or higher than NAV performance.

BlackRock Energy and Resources Income Trust plc currently conducts its affairs so that its securities can be recommended by IFAs to ordinary retail investors in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's rules in relation to nonmainstream investment products and intend to continue to do so for the foreseeable future. The securities are excluded from the Financial Conduct Authority's restrictions which apply to non-mainstream investment products because they are securities issued by investment trusts.

BlackRock has not considered the suitability of this investment against your individual needs and risk tolerance. To ensure you understand whether our product is suitable, please read the fund specific risks in the Key Investor Document (KID) which gives more information about the risk profile of the investment. The KID and other documentation are available on the relevant product pages at www.blackrock.co.uk/its. We recommend you seek independent professional advice prior to investing.

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